

Bachelor of Education (Elementary) & Bachelor of Education (Secondary) STEM Lesson Plan

Lesson Title:	Probability – Likely, Unlikely, Certain, and Impossible	Lesson #	1	Date:	02/16/2024
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Rationale:

This lesson is important because understanding probability is a fundamental skill used in everyday life and helps us make informed choices.

Core Competencies:

Communication	Thinking	Personal & Social
	Critical Thinking and Reflective Thinking Facet 2: Questioning and investigating	
	Profile 2: I can use evidence to make simple judgments.	

Big Ideas (Understand)

BI #5: Familiar events can be described as likely or unlikely and compared.

Learning Standards

(DO)	(KNOW)
Learning Standards - Curricular Competencies	Learning Standards - Content
CC #1.2: Estimate reasonably	C #10: likelihood of familiar life events

Instructional Objectives & Assessment

Instructional Objectives (students will be able to)	Assessment
After a lesson on probability and the terms likely,	
unlikely, certain, and impossible	
1. SWBAT predict the likelihood of which coloured	Observation of students during the group activity
ball will be pulled from the paper bag.	as they predict the likelihood of which coloured
	ball will be pulled from the paper bag.
2. SWBAT write a sentence of something that is	Product: Sentence and drawing of something
likely, unlikely, certain, or impossible to happen at	that is likely/unlikely/certain/impossible to
school.	happen at school.

3. SWBAT explain and reconsider their	Conversation with students during independent
estimations in one-on-one conversations with the	work time.
teacher during independent work time.	

Prerequisite Concepts and Skills:

Students will need to be able to sit quietly and listen to the teacher, their peers, and the video, without disrupting their classmates. Students need to have a basic understanding of writing/phonics and sounding out words for the individual work activity.

Indigenous Connections/ First Peoples Principles of Learning:

Learning involves patience and time.

This lesson is the first in a unit on probability. I chose this FPPL because students will need to be patient with themselves as they learn a new mathematical concept. It will take time for them to become familiar with the concept of probability and they should not expect to completely master the concept during the first lesson.

Universal Design for Learning (UDL):

This lesson uses triangulated assessment, allowing the teacher to collect assessment information in various ways. This creates a fuller picture of students' learning.

Differentiate Instruction (DI):

The teacher will adapt the lesson to fit the needs of all students' learning abilities.

Some examples include:

- The teacher can weigh student assessment more heavily in different areas (group discussion, product, one-on-one conversation) depending on the learning abilities of the student.
- If a student struggles with writing, the student can label their drawing or dictate their sentence to the teacher/CEA.

Materials and Resources

- Smartboard
- Document camera
- WACKY NUMBER SONGS What Are the Chances? (Probability) (YouTube link)
- Shake Break | Brain Breaks | Jack Hartmann (YouTube link)
- Paper bag
- Coloured plastic balls
- "Today at School" worksheet

- Pencils

- Colouring materials

Lesson Activities:

Teacher Activities	Student Activities (Students will)	Time
Beginning:		
The teacher invites students to sit on the	Students sit on the carpet.	1 min
carpet.		
Hook: The teacher explains that we will be	Students sit quietly, raising their hands	5 mins
learning about probability. The teacher asks:	to answer the question.	
"Have you ever wondered if something is likely		
to happen or not? For example, do you think it's		
likely for it to snow today? It snowed yesterday,		
so do you think it's likely that it will snow today?		
Raise your hand if you think it is likely for it to		
snow."		
The teacher explains that probability is how		
likely or unlikely something is to happen.		
The teacher plays "What Are the Chances?	Students sit quietly and watch the video.	2 mins
(Probability)" video on the smartboard.		
The teacher goes over vocabulary from the	Students sit quietly, raising their hands	2 mins
video: certain, likely, unlikely, and impossible.	to answer CFU.	
<u>CEU</u> : Who can tell me what the word likely		
means? How about the word unlikely?		
Middle:		
The teacher shows the students a paper bag,	Students sit quietly, raising their hands	10 mins
ten red balls, and one blue ball. The teacher	to answer the questions.	
tells the class that she is going to put all of the		
balls in the bag to test our probability		
knowledge. The teacher says, "It is certain that		
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we will pull a ball out of the bag. Do we think it		
is possible to pull a puppy out of the bag?"		
"Since there are only balls in the bag, it is		
impossible to pull a puppy out of the bag!"		
"Remember, there are ten red balls in the bag,		
and one blue ball. If I reach my hand into the		
bag and pull out a ball, what colour do you		
think I will pull out? Raise your hand if you have		
a guess."		
"Alright, let's find out." The teacher reaches into		
the bag and pulls out a ball.		
If a red ball: "It was likely for us to pull out a red		
ball since there are more red balls than blue		
balls."		
If a blue ball: "It was unlikely for us to pull out		
the blue ball since there were more red balls		
than blue balls, but unlikely does not mean		
impossible!"		
"Let's try again and see what we get! Can I have		
a volunteer to pull a ball out of the bag?"		
This repeats for a few pulls, with the teacher		
asking students to guess what colour will be		
pulled and discussing the outcome using the		
terms likely and unlikely .		
Brain break: Shake Break by Jack Hartman	Students stand and participate in the	2 mins
(video)	brain break.	
The teacher asks students to sit on the carpet.	Students are listening reising their	5 mine
The teacher explains to students that she has	hands to ask/answer questions	0111115
placed a worksheet on their tables. The teacher		

shows a completed worksheet on the		
document camera.		
The teacher explains that students will write a		
sentence that shows their learning for this		
lesson. The teacher reviews vocabulary (likely,		
unlikely, certain, and impossible). Students will		
answer the sentence prompt "Today at school,		
it is (likely, unlikely, certain, or		
impossible) that"		
The teacher asks that after students write their		
sentence, they will draw a picture to show their		
idea.		
The teacher's sentence is: "Today at school, it is		
unlikely that a bear will visit our class."		
The teacher asks if there are any questions.		
CFU: You are going to go back to your table,		
write a sentence using our new words, and		
then draw a picture. Once you are all finished,		
you can colour your picture.		
The teacher will call on individual students to		
answer: "What is the first thing you're going to		
do?" "What is the second thing you're going to		
do?"		
The teacher shows students where the words		
likely, unlikely, certain, and impossible are		
written on the board to help students with		
spelling.		
The teacher asks students to return to their		
tables to complete the worksheet. While	Students return to their tables and	15 mins
students work, the teacher will circulate and	complete the worksheet.	
have conversations with students to gain		
understanding of their learning. The teacher		
will ask questions to try to further the learning		

of students. Students will "submit" their		
worksheets in the designated bin.		
End:		
"Today we learned the words certain,	Students are sitting and listening.	2 mins
impossible, likely, and unlikely. Who can remind		
me what the word likely means?"		
"What about unlikely?"		
We are going to continue working on		
probability in math tomorrow, but thank you for		
all of your hard work today!"		

Organizational Strategies:

Before the lesson:

- The teacher will write the words certain, impossible, likely, and unlikely on the white board to help with students' spelling.
- The teacher will place worksheets on students' tables before the lesson.

During the lesson:

- Students participate in a brain break during the lesson to release some energy.
- Depending on the moods and attention-levels of the class, the teacher can add more/fewer brain breaks.
- The teacher will make sure students understand instructions and expectations before proceeding with each part of the lesson.

Proactive, Positive Classroom Learning Environment Strategies:

- The teacher will move around the classroom while students work independently.
- Attention grabber: "Waterfall"
- The teacher will verbally acknowledge students who are on task and provide reminders to students who are not on task.
- The teacher will remind students of behaviour expectations at the beginning of the lesson and throughout the lesson as needed.

Extensions:

To make this lesson more challenging, I could add a third coloured ball to the bowl. If I knew ahead of time that some students would find the worksheet easy, I would create a second worksheet that they would find more challenging.

Reflections:

- This was one of the more challenging lesson plans I have created so far, perhaps because I struggle with math. Creating this lesson has helped me to feel more confident about teaching mathematics in our second practicum.
- I started the creation of this lesson by looking through the BC curriculum website. I chose probability as the focus of my lesson because I have always enjoyed statistics, and did not realize that this could be introduced to students at such a young age.
- In the end, this was a very fun lesson to create. I had a general idea of what I wanted to do, but struggled to narrow my lesson down to one lesson since I had so many ideas! I chose the paper bag activity because I thought it would be an engaging group-activity for young students to get them excited about the topic.
- I imagined this lesson being the first lesson in a unit, so I wanted to introduce probability vocabulary to students with the intention of continuing in future lessons.